

amateur radio

FEBRUARY 1966

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FEDERAL COMMENT

43K AND A SUGGESTION

This business of I.T.U. and associated matters may seem, to many Amateurs, a topic thrashed to death by this Institute. Whilst there have been many appeals made in the past for considered views on this all important question of Amateur frequencies, it is true to say that we have been rather narrow in our view of the situation and little attempt has been made to find out what other Societies in our Region think, and in particular what are their most pressing problems when it comes to the question of frequencies and operating conditions

question of frequencies, and operating conditions.

Region III. is made up of Amateurs from Burma, Ceylon, Hong Kong,
India, Japan, and of course, Australia, with a total licensed Amateur
population of some 43,000; not large as Amateur populations go in other
parts of the globe, and when one considers that 38,000 are to be found in

parts of the globe, and when one considers that 35,000 are to be found in Japan, our own total is rather insignificant by comparison. It it is rather refreshing to find, therefore, that the Amateur Radio Society of India with 360 members have had sufficient inspiration to make

Society of India with 360 members have had sufficient inspiration to make a suggestion which can do nothing but good if we can follow it through. Writing in the official Newsletter of the A.R.S.I., the Western Zone proposed that "to safeguard Amateur frequencies we must establish an organisation of member societies of the I.A.R.U. in Region III. (similar an organization of memoer societies of the Indian Megion I. (Europe and Africa). If this is done a regular exchange of views at executive level will become possible through the medium of Regional Conferences

and Regional Committees. We would like to be able to meet personally representatives from other member societies in this Region, and through discussion, find some other member societies in this Region, and through discussion, find some common ground which, it is hoped, would reflect the aim which, basically, all Amateurs share. A united front in Region III, with one or more delegates from member countries demanding our rights at the next conference, must surely stand a chance of success. Perhaps all this is wishful thinking; but by no means is the situation overstated.

We realise that to do this money is required and apart from Australia we realise that to do this money is required and apart from Australia and Japan what other country has the Amateur population upon which it can depend for financial support? To send a delegate to an I.T.U. conference is one thing, and an expensive one at that, so that any interim regional conference appears, in the forseeable future, to be rather difficult to achieve.

to acmeve.

Nevertheless this Executive will do all in its power to continue the liaison with other societies, and believe that close contact by correspondence is the first step in getting organised. Apart from the problem of international frequency usage, there will be many side benefits from a closer exchange of views.

For example, how many Amateurs in this country know the licensing For example, now many Amateurs in this country know the licensing and regulatory provisions in other countries? So what? How will that affect me, and in any case what good will it do me? Perhaps a direct answer cannot be given right now, but it would be foolish to pretend that one cannot learn a new wrinkle from someone else, and when it comes to operating privileges, take a look at what JA Amateurs have to work with.

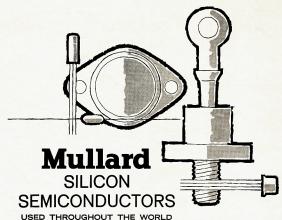
In any event, this Executive will be pursuing the suggestion of the A.R.S.I. most avidly, with the hope that in the end, we, in Region III. will be better equipped to face the problems in the years ahead.

PETER D. WILLIAMS, VK3IZ, FEDERAL SECRETARY, W.I.A.

Award 15 . 17 Station for

CONTENTS

Matters Mobile 3	Correspondence
Overlay Transistors 8	Sideband
The Fatal Current 9	Gateway of India Award
Monimatch Mark 3 and 4 11	DX
New Call Signs 12	Experimental F.M. Station for
Errata-Pye Reporter 12	Victoria
An Appreciation 12	Federal and Divisional Monthly
Trade Review: Great Circle Map 13	News Reports



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MATTERS MOBILE*

A Review of Circuits and Information of Particular Interest to Mobile Operators

PALLI HARRIS G3GEN A microphone arrangement which

WHILE the contents of this series will mainly be of interest to mobile operators, such is the tion can be completely divorced from the others. Thus it is quite probable that those who have no active interest in mobile operation may find items of circuitry and ideas worthy of in-clusion in fixed station equipment.

The object is to publish circuits and technical information, together with improve the performance of equipment under mobile conditions, or aid operating efficiency. In addition, any mat-ters pertinent to mobileers' interests will also be covered. Thus the scope

will be wide. Our hobby permits almost unlimited individuality in the construction of equipment. From this it seems reasonable to suppose that there must be hundreds, possibly thousands, of useful ideas, novel circuit arrangements and unusual "bitsa"-bits from this bits from that—permutations which, while of potential interest to many, have never been published. This is probably especially true of the mobile brigade where nearly every installation is tailor-made for the vehicle concerned. The purpose of this preamble is to

suggest that if you have any tested circuits which are unusual and of value to your fellow mobile operators. you are prepared to pass on the benefit of your ideas and experience, then why not send them to your magazine for inclusion?

for inclusion?

All that is needed is a reasonable description and, where applicable, an easily understood circuit diagram or sketch. Particularly welcome will be photographs of equipment and installa-

A HALTER MICROPHONE

The recent hiatus over the Ministry of Transport's proposed order to make it an offence to talk into a radio transmitter whilst in control of a moving vehicle, must, if we are to be honest with ourselves, at least have caused us to carefully re-appraise our operating

While talking when driving hardly be more hazardous than listennardy be more hazardous than listen-ing to a normal car radio, there is no doubt but that some mobile micro-phones do leave a lot to be desired. There can be no argument against the statement that if one hand is engaged in holding a microphone, and perhaps pressing a p.t.t. switch at the same time, then under certain conditions, one's ability to steer is affected. Anyone who has tried to negotiate a sharp turn, or a roundabout, while using such a microphone will not dispute this statement.

goes a long way to solving this difficulty is that used in most radio taxis. In this, the microphone head is mounted this, the microphone head is mounted either on a swinging arm or a length of swan neck tubing. Even this is not perfect for although it leaves both hands free for control of the car, the driver has to maintain his head in a fixed position, and this restricts his field of vision. It has been argued that this is less serious than having one hand engaged, but this is debatable.



Fig. 1.—General view of the combined halter and microphone mounting boom.

Some three years ago, the writer was shown an ingenious idea by G3KLM which has all the advantages of a fixed boom microphone, but solves the prob-lem of having to maintain one's head in a fixed position.

The device is shown in Fig. 1. From this it will be seen that it takes the form of a halter which is worn around the neck, and which incorporates a the neck, and which incorporates a microphone mounting boom, the boom being positioned so that the microphone head is adjacent to the mouth of the wearer. No matter how much the wearer moves or turns, so the boom mounted microphone follows and maintains its proximity to the mouth. In addition to this advantage, since the microphone lead is run through the centre of the boom, this is kept out of harms way.

The gadget is fabricated in one piece from a length of §" diameter copper tubing—obtainable from all plumbers' suppliers. The U section of the halter with the straight section running down the left hand side of the chest. On the right hand side, there is another, but shorter, downward running section which bends upwards again. At the point where this commences to rise, that is at the bend, it is angled so that that is at the bend, it is angled so that its top is central to the U. This will then position the microphone head— which is fitted to this rising piece— adjacent to the wearer's mouth.

Any of the usual inserts may be fit-ted to the boom, and the lead routed through the tubing in the manner described. Once correctly shaped to the satisfaction of the individual, the gadget may be chromium plated, but just as good is to carefully wrap it with plastic insulation tape.

Compared to arrangements based on headphone bands, or frames of glasses, this halter leaves one virtually un-encumbered. Incidentally, the writer has found that this assembly is very pleasant to use when operating a fixed etation

The only real disadvantage with this idea is that p.t.t. is not possible, but compared to its advantages, this is a small price to pay. However, it would be feasible to include a transmit-receive switch in the assembly by mounting this in a small box fitted to the end of the halter from which the lead exits

A SIMPLE NOISE LIMITER

Apart from i.f. noise silencers, one of the most effective noise limiters is the T.N.S.—Twin Noise Squelch— circuit featured in the "CQ Mobile Handbook". Unfortunately, requiring two valves to achieve its performance, two valves to achieve its performance, it does not enjoy the popularity which it deserves under mobile conditions where the expenditure of every extra milliamp, has to be very carefully considered.

The writer recently tested the circuit of a series limiter used in the Eico 760 Citizens Band Transceiver. Whilst the T.N.S. still has the edge, this circuit far excels any others so far tried. Of particular interest is the manner in which it handles ignition noises. They virtually disappear. Needing only one valve, one half of which is used as the detector anyway, this limiter is ideal for inclusion in mobile receivers.

The circuit is shown in Fig. 2, and s will be seen, one gets a lot for a ttle. The circuit not only functions as a detector and a limiter, but also provides fast attack a.g.c., itself most desirable under mobile conditions. No particular comment should be needed



ance on ignition functions as a di-provides a

* Reprinted from R.S.G.B. "Bulletin." Aug. '65.

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on the circuit, except to observe that in the positions shown.

Constructionally, there are some must be of low-loss insulation to prevent noise pulses leaking across it and so by-passing the limiter. Secondly, the valve should be fitted with a screening can, and thirdly, R1 and C4 should take the shortest possible route between the i.f. transformer and the anode of Vla.

Since the circuit is self adjusting, there is no need to incorporate a limiter on-off switch. As such switches invariably lead to leakage between input and output of a limiter, so degrading performance, if they can be omitted, then so much the better. If you should experience audio distortion to any degree with this limiter, it will be because the other fellow is riding his modulation far too hard. At 100% modulation, clipping just starts.

AERIAL MOUNTING

For those who like mobile aerial installations neat and reasonably unobtrusive, the Ekco car radio aerial The base of this unit, which may be

wing or scuttle mounted, is moulded in low-loss polystyrene, the underside of which is fitted with a stout rubber gaiter, making it water-proof. The 200 ohm co-axial cable fitted to the unit when it is supplied may be easily re-

moved, and 75/80 ohm, 50 ohm or 35 ohm cable substituted. The special feature of this aerial is that the mounting base may be retained

on the car by the use of an additional half-nut, so allowing the top section to be removed at will. For those who have "getting-in-the-garage" trouble, this is a boon. In addition, if you operate on more than one band, say 160 mx and 4 mx for example, then dif-ferent aerials may be mounted on the same fitting by merely screwing them on to the protruding threaded stud. In the case of the two bands cited, on 160 mx a base loading coil would be fitted first, and the extending sections of the aerial to the top of the loading coil. When on 4 mx all that is needed is to fit the extending sections in the nor-mal manner, and then draw them out to the optimum length.

One other advantage is that when away on holiday, or if you have to street park overnight, then the aerial can be removed easily.

WIRING HEATERS FOR 12V. AND 6V. OPERATION

Many items used for mobile are restricted in use simply because the heater circuits are wired for operation on 12v. only, and it is not always convenient, or possible, to provide this voltage in the home station.

For many years the writer has been wiring the heater circuits of his mobile equipment so that it can be operated on either 12v. or 6v. One advantage of this arrangement is that when testing newly constructed gear, this can be done by bringing into service an existing power supply in the fixed station. The mobile equipment can therefore be operated from the fixed station should the need ever arise, and furthermore, such a facility can avoid

duplication of equipment. This facility is provided by arranga balanced series/parallel arrangement according to Fig. 3.

EQUALISING BALLAST RESISTOR-HE TEXT

Fig. 3.—Universal heater wiring allowing optional use of 6 volt or 12 volt supply

First, the individual heater currents are noted, and then the valves are arranged in a manner similar to that of Fig. 3 so that the total current of the valves connected between points A and C is equal to the total current of the valves connected between points

Now unless you are particularly lucky, the current in the arm AC will not equal that in the arm CB. To balance the currents, a ballast resistor will have to be fitted to the side which short of current to make up the deficiency.

With 12 volts applied between AB, and with the currents balanced, there will be 6 volts between AC and 6 volts between CB. From this it will be seen that the ballast resistor will have to dissipate the current difference at 6 volts. From Ohm's Law, the value of the ballast resistor may be determined. The working wattage will be W = I'R, where I is the difference current. ensure reasonably cool working, the resistor fitted should have a wattage rating of at least three times that de-rived from the foregoing calculation. One word of warning! Do be sure that the ballast resistor is fitted to the side of the circuit which is short of current.
In use, terminal B is connected to
chassis. When operating on 12 volts, C is left open, and the supply connect-ed to A. For operation on 6 volts, A

is connected to chassis—along with B
—and the supply taken to C. If one of the valve heaters becomes open circuit, then the current of this

valve will be shared by the remaining valves in its arm of the circuit. Rarely, if ever, will this cause any damage. Under such circumstances, since the equipment will not operate correctly, one is left in no doubt as to the fact that there is a fault.

When valves with a centre tap are used, such as a 12AX7 for example, one live pin is wired to A, the other to B, and the centre tap to C.

NOTABLE DOUBLES

Two valves in one envelope are always of interest to the mobileer for they save current, heat, and cost. One articularly useful little valve is the particularly useful little valve is the ECF82 which combines a triode and pentode in one envelope. The triode when used as an audio voltage ampli-fier will give a stage gain of about 60, and performs very well as either a crystal or variable frequency oscillator. As for the pentode, having a slope of 5.2 mA./v. it makes a good i.f. amplifier, or r.f. amplifier on the lower frequencies. In transmitter service, the pentode shows high efficiency as a doubler or trebler, but in this class of operation, care must be taken to en-sure that the screen grid dissipation is not exceeded.

An example of the circuitry which can be woven around this valve is can be woven around this valve is shown in Fig. 4. This is a crystal oscillator and multiplier sequence for a 4 mx transmitter, and will give 1.5 mA. of drive through a 22K ohm resistor in the grid of a 5763 p.a. running 9 watts input. Thus two valves, an ECF82 and a 5763, will make up into a very compact, low power, 4 mx transmitter

The American number for the ECF82 is 6U8. It has been noted that a 6U8A has recently been introduced, and from information available, this appears be an improved version of the 6U8.



Fig. 4.—Single valve 70 Mc. driver. I turns 28 x.w.g. enamel, close wound on turns 18 x.w.g. air wound inside diameter. Turns spaced wire dia TP1, TP2 and TP3 indicate currents ponents shown dotted are grid circu ponents shown dotted are grid circu following stage.

THIEF-PROOFING EQUIPMENT

As some of us know to our cost, merely locking a car is not sufficient to deter a determined thief. Since having been through the bitter

experience of having equipment stolen, the writer has incorporated the following arrangement in his car. does not stop a potential thief getting at the equipment, nor from taking it out, once it is moved, even fractionally, from its correct position, the car horn sounds, and nothing can stop it. resulting din is more than enough to deter a thief who, above all, does not want attention drawn to himself. The circuit arrangement is shown in

Fig. 5. Its operation relies on the fact that the equipment is securely mounted, and that the back of the equipment presses on a microswitch firmly fitted either directly to the bodywork of the



n alarm circuit. I nally ON. To stop is switch is opened.

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car, or to an arm anchored to the bodywork. If the equipment is moved, then the microswitch operates and sets off the alarm. At this stage it should perhaps be mentioned that the microswitch is of the "press-to-open" variety. The operation is not quite as simple as has been described for the circuit

is so arranged that even if the equipment is restored to its correct position the horn does not cease to operate. It just goes on and on and on and on . . . interlock is quite vital. For ease of circuit tracing, the primary wiring has been illustrated in heavy lines, while the interlock is shown in lighter

lines The heart of the arrangement is the double pole relay fitted with contacts which close when the relay is ener-gised. The primary circuit starts from the negative terminal of the battery and runs through the alarm-cancelling switch, and then through the microswitch to the relay energising coil to the frame of the car. As it stands at the moment, and with the equipment in position, the microswitch is pressed and in the off position. If the equipment is withdrawn, the pressure on the microswitch is released, the circuit completed, and the relay closes. One set of contacts on the relay wired in parallel with the horn button completes the horn circuit. At this stage, if the equipment is returned to its correct position, or the leads to the microswitch then the horn would cease. avoid this, an interlock is provided, This is achieved by arranging the second pair of contacts on the relay to be in parallel with the microswitch: thus once the relay is closed by the action of the microswitch, one set of the relay contacts maintain it locked "on". To stop the alarm you either have to know where the cancelling switch is located, or dive under the bonnet to disconnect the battery—and no thief

will hang around that long.

The value of this alarm switch depends on how the cancelling switch is concealed. Disguising is often better than hiding, and in the writer's car it is in full view of anyone who enters,

SHOESTRING MODULATION

The writer is always intrigued by descriptions of modulators which, for d.c. inputs of 15 watts or less, employ push-pull modulating valves. On Top Band, or for any transmitter with a dc. input of less than 15 watts, there is no need to go to such lengths to modulate the carrier in a satisfactory

Taking Top Band as a practical example, a single 6BW6 will, if allowed to do so, run an input in excess of the legal limit. The interesting thing about the 6BW6 valve is that its impedance as a p.a. for 10 watts input (40 mA. at 250 volts) is near to its optimum load impedance as a single ended output stage for the same value of h.t. supply The figures are: p.a. impedance, 6.2K ohms; optimum load impedance, 5.5K ohms at Va and Vs of 250 volts. Since the 6BW6 as an audio output valve will deliver 5.5 watts, this is quite enough power to fully modulate a p.a. input of 10 watts. Indeed, under speech waveform conditions, and a reasonably accurate match, the audio output is likely to be quite a bit higher.

Using these facts, gleaned from the valve manufacturer's data, consider-able simplification becomes possible. The principal advantage is derived from the fact that the modulation transformer needs only have a 1:1 ratio, and where this ratio is required, with the arrangement to be shown, a full blown modulation transformer is quite unnecessary.



Fig. 6.—Method of using centre-tapped audio output transformer as a modulation transformer.

The circuit is shown in Fig. 6. In this a standard centre tapped audio output transformer is used in such a manner that, as far as the p.a. is con-cerned, it "looks" like a modulation transformer. The transformer has to fulfil two requirements: the impedance on either side of the centre tap should be equal to, or near to, the desired impedance—in this case between 5.5K ohms and 6.5K ohms; each half of the winding must be able to carry the current expected to flow through it. Many such transformers are freely available, and moreover, at a cost far below that of a "normal" modulation transformer.

If the equipment in which this idea is incorporated is a transceiver, then the modulating valve can be arranged to do double duty and serve as the output stage of the receiver. Under these conditions the speech coil winding on the transformer can be coupled to a loudspeaker in the normal manner. Naturally, arrangements have to be made to mute the loudspeaker during transmission, and in addition, the transmitter switching should be arranged so that the cathode of the p.a. is discon-nected to avoid the p.a. valve acting as a diode connected to the far end of the output transformer while receiving.

While the 6BW6 has been specifically cited, this method is not restricted to this valve alone, neither is it essential that the p.a. and modulating valves are of the same type. Many combinations are possible as a study of valve data will show.

This system has been used by the writer in various low power transmit-ters and transmitter/receivers. There have never been any reports of undermodulation or poor quality. Quite aside from its advantages circuitwise, it materially assists in getting the proverbial gallon into the pint pot.

FIELD STRENGTH INDICATOR One problem faced by all mobile operators, irrespective of the band on

which they operate, is to monitor the level of r.f. radiated by the transmit-ting aerial. It is neither practical, nor accurate, to use a field strength meter inside the car to determine what is going on outside.

One way round this is to use an external aerial coupled to a F/S meter inside the car, but unless one is prepared to have aerials sprouting out all over the place, hardly ideal.

A neat way of overcoming the need to fit a special aerial is to use a wing to it a special serial is to use a wing mirror as the pick-up for the internal F/S meter. All that is needed is to insulate the wing mirror from the bodywork of the car, and then run a lead from the fiving met into lead from the fixing nut into the car.

On the l.f. bands this can be a plain lead, but on 4 mx, co-axial cable should be employed. If both 1f, and v.hf, operation are undertaken, a co-axial lead should be fitted, but without earthing the outer braiding at either the mirror or the saloon ends. When used on the l.f. bands, the F/S meter should be arranged so that the inner and outer of the co-axial cable are connected together, thus turning it into a plain lead. On v.h.f., the F/S meter should be arranged to treat the lead as normal co-axial cable.

A method of bushing a wing mirror for this purpose is shown in Fig. 7.



MICROPHONE HEAD AMPLIFIER Most of the diminutive inserts

origin-such as would be suitable for the halter-boom for ex-ample—have impedances ranging from 25 ohms to 250 ohms, and so require the use of a matching transformer. By the use of a single transistor in a suitable pre-amplifier, such a transformer may be dispensed with, and in mobile working this has certain advantages.

The pre-amplifier shown in Fig. 8 was designed specifically for micro-phones with this range of impedances, but of greater interest, employs a couple of "ideas" so that, although it is positioned at the microphone head, only a single screened lead is needed to (a) bring the output from the pre-amplifier to the main amplifier, and (b) take the supply up to the preamplifier.

The first circuit oddity to note is that the forward bias is taken from the collector. This forward bias is thoroughly decoupled by R3 and C2 so that (Continued on Page 8)



MATTERS MOBILE

(Continued from Page 7)

none of the output at the collector is fed back into the base of the transistor. By using this arrangement, one lead is dispensed with, namely that usually needed to take the supply to the for-

ward bias circuit. The second oddity relates to the input circuit on the main equipment. Either a co-axial socket can be used in which case it must be fully insulated from the chassis, or a two-pin non-reversible socket with matching plug as shown on the diagram. The inner lead of the screened cable goes to the main amplifier via the capacitor C5.
The resistor R5 is the load for the transistor collector circuit, which, it should be noted, runs from the live tag on the socket to chassis negative (earth). The screen of the cable is not earthed in the usual manner, but only earthed for signal currents by C4. The screenfor signal currents by C4. The screen-ed outer of the cable is continued, via the resistor R6 to a source of 9 volts positive. In point of fact, any voltage between 6 volts and 9 volts can be used, and this circuit has been arranged so that the source of this voltage is the cathode of one of the valves in the main equipment across whose cathode bias resistor this voltage exists. From this it will be appreciated that

there is no need to arrange a separate One point which will be apparent is that the screening of the linking cable is positive with respect to the chassis and other metalwork of the equipment

supply for this pre-amplifier.

by the supply voltage to the pre-amplifier. Thus the linking cable must be provided with a sheath over its braiding. If this braiding does become shorted to chassis or the metalwork, then it will short-circuit the supply to the transistor. Since the source voltage for the transistor comes from the age for the transistor comes from the cathode of a valve, under these con-ditions the valve would be running without bias. To protect against such an eventuality, R6 is included in series with the supply source so effectively preventing damage to the valve concerned

OVERLAY TRANSISTORS A new emitter electrode structure

called the "Overlay" was first used commercially in the power transistor 2N3375. This transistor, introduced in 1964, has 156 emitters tied together in parallel by diffused and metallised regions. This approach provides a considerable increase in the emitter edgeto-area ratio and a proportionate re-duction of the input time constant. This has permitted a practical transistor with a 3 watt output at 400 Mc. or 7.5 watts at 100 Mc. for 1 watt drive. The production of this type of tran-

sistor is exacting and very tricky, which accounts for its present high cost. In lots of 1,000, the price is around \$14.

Another type, the 2N3866, used for u.h.f. driver applications, has 16 emit-ters each 0.15 mils. wide by 2 mils.

long. Due to a reduction in input capacitance, the frequency response has been improved and the unit has a minimum gain of 10 db. at 400 Mc. for 1 watt of output power. It sells in lots of 1.000 for about \$3.

There are a number of the well known companies now producing these devices, and types range from 50 watts at 50 Mc. at 28 volts, through 10 watts at 400 Mc. at 28 volts, to 1 watt at 800 Mc at 28 volts. A number of the types operate on voltages around 12 to 14 volts and prices are in the vicinity of

Although the overlay transistor appears to be the answer to v.h.f. and u.h.f. semiconductor devices for some time to come it may still be out of the price range for the average Amateur unless quantity requirements and production techniques improve to make them cheaper.

ARMY AMATEURS

A scenario de Army, "the Army response of the Army separate Stations, i.e. those authorised by the Army using Army seulpnent operating in Army subment operating in the Army using Army seulpnent operating in the Army using Army seulpnent operating the Army operators, and the Army operators, using their own equipment Army operators, using their own equipment Army operators using their own equipment scattered throughout the Commonwealth.

It is always pleasing to note when a Gov-ernment Service sees fit to promote the art and make available equipment for the pur-suance of a hobby which knows no bounds.

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Page 8

The Fatal Current

C. O. BRAINARD, WAOJBU

STRANGE as it may seem, most fatal electric shocks happen to people who should know better. Here are some electro-medical facts that should make you think twice before taking the last chance.

Offhend, it would seem that a shock continued in the cont

While any amount of current over 10 Ma. is capable of producing painful to severe shock, curents between 100 and 200 Ma. are absolutely lethal. There is no known medical procedure that will revive the victim.

Currents above 200 Ma., while producing severe burns and unconsciousness, do not usually cause death if the victim is given immediate attention. Resuscitation, consisting of artificial respiration, will usually revive the victim.

From a practical viewpoint, after a person is knocked out by an electric shock, it is impossible to tell how much current has passed through the vital organs of his body. Artificial respiration must be applied immediately if breathing has stopped.

THE PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

Voltage is not a consideration in the physiological effects of various current densities. Although it takes a voltage to make the current flow, the amount of shock-current will vary, depending on the body resistance between the points of contact.

Shock is relatively more severe as the current rises. At values as low as 30 Ma., breathing becomes laboured, finally ceasing completely even at values below 75 Ma.

As the current approaches 100 Ma, ventricular fibrillation of the heart occurs (an unco-ordinated twitching of the walls of the heart's ventricles). There's no worldly help for the victim.

Reprinted from "QST," Sept. 1965.

Above 200 Ma, muscular contractions are so severe that the heart is forcibly clamped during the shock. This clamping protects the heart from going into ventricular fibrillation, and the victim's chances for survival are good.

DANGER-LOW VOLTAGE

It is common knowledge that the victims of high-voltage shock usually respond to artificial respiration more readily than the victims of low-voltage for the victims of the voltage for the left of the left of the victims of the high current densities associated with high voltages. However, lest these details be misinterpreted, the only readily the victims of victims of the victims of the victims of the victims of vict

The actual resistance of the body varies, depending upon the points of contact and the skin condition (moist or dry). Between the ears, for example, the internal resistance (less than skin resistance) is only 100 ohms, while from hand to foot it is closer to 500 ohms. The skin resistance more than 500,000 ohms for wet skin to more than 500,000 ohms for or dry skin.

GENERAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS FOR YOU

When working around electrical equipment, move slowly. Make sure your feet are firmly placed for good balance. Don't lunge after falling tools. Kill all power and ground all high voltage points before touching wiring. Make sure that power cannot be accl-

dentally restored. Do not work on ungrounded equipment.

Don't examine live equipment when

Don't examine live equipment when physically or mentally fatigued. Keep one hand in your pocket while investigating live electrical equipment. Above all, do not touch electrical equipment while standing on metal floors, damp coust of other well-floors and the standing of the standing o

Remember, the more you know about electrical equipment, the more heedless you're apt to become. Don't take unnecessary risk.

WHAT TO DO FOR VICTIMS

Cut voltage and/or remove victim from contact as quickly as possible, but without endangering your own safety. Use a length of dry wood, rope, blanket, etc., to pry or pull the victim loose. Don't waste valuable time looking for the power switch. The resistwith time. The fatal 100 to 200 Ma. level may be reached if action is delayed.

layed.

If the victim is unconscious and has stopped breathing, start artificial respiration at once. Do not stop resuscint on the stop of the start of the start



8th Brunswick Scott Troop, Donald Street, Brunswick (Vic.) during the Jamborec-on-the-Art on 16th and 17th October. Left to right: Alan Weshwood, Jan Sardi, Jeffrey Pletterson, Brian Patterson, Michael McDonald, David Pellew. Front: Dawn Westwood (L.C.M.) and George Robertson (VKSW).



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DC mA.-50 uA., 25 mA., 250 mA.

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DC mA.—0, 3, 30, 300, 3,000 at 4K o.p.v.

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OHMS.—105, 100k, 1 meg, 10 meg.

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MONIMATCH MARK 3 AND 4*

Much Improved Version of a Popular Loading Indicator DENNIS HAMPTON, ZL3II THOSE who are fortunate in having

a subscription to "QST" will realise that I have based this article on a recent one of theirs. However, having recently constructed both models for use at work, with excellent results, I have jotted down my findings and construction details for readers.

It is most desirable that the final amplifier of every transmitter should be terminated in a purely resistive load.
If any appreciable reactance is present
in this load, transmitter efficiency will suffer. A direct indication of the load's reactance and resistance content is given by the standing wave ratio on the line feeding the load, i.e. the co-ax, ribbon or open wire line immediately

riboon or open wire line immediately following the transmitter. As the majority of Amateur trans-mitters in current use have co-axial output, the Monimatch reflectometer has come into wide use as a matching indicator. Nearly all Monimatches, commercial and home-made, built to date, are of Mark II. variety and have two inherent disadvantages. Firstly, two inherent disadvantages. Firstly, the meter used needs to have high sensitivity in the order of 100 microamps, to be of any practical use, and, secondly, the pick-up unit or reflectometer itself is difficult to construct and fiddly to adjust.

Both the Mark III. and Mark IV. use

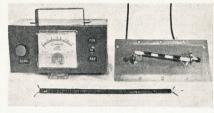
a 1 mA. meter, and their pick-up units can be assembled in a few minutes, with no adjustment necessary if reasonable care has been taken

In addition, the sensitivity of both units is better than older models—the simpler but less sensitive Mark III.
required at 40 Mc. an output power
of 0.3 watts to obtain full scale meter of 0.3 Watts to obtain Itili Scale meves deflection on the forward power reading. If a 100 micro-amp, meter had been used, 3 mW. would have sufficed to obtain a maximum reading. The Mark IV. required only 4 watts output at 3.5 Mc., whereas at 1.4 Mc. it would handle 80 watts—a larger pot would nancie 80 wats—a larger pot would enable greater power to be handled. Thus the Mark IV. has several times the sensitivity of the older Mark II. r.f. power meters (calibrated dummy loads were used here for the above tests.)

It is essential that the diodes be matched and are available in matched Alternatively, a suitable pair could be had by placing several diodes of the same type, one by one, in a simple r.f. absorption circuit. Two diodes, giving the same meter reading at several scale points, would be match-ed. Both circuits and their operation are identical to the Mark II.

CONSTRUCTION

Apart from the cabinet (approx. 5" x 3" x 3", 16 gauge aluminium—depends on component sizes), the whole job can be completed in under two hours. * Reprinted from "Break In." Sept. 1965.



The pick-up units are made by strip-ping the sheath and braid from RG8/U co-ax and binding, with p.v.c. tape, the pick-up wires on either side of the bared co-ax. It is important that these wires are snug against the side of the co-ax. The Mark IV. unit is taped for its whole length, whereas the Mark III. is taped at each end and in the middle.

The co-ax unit is then connected between the input and output sockets or three lug terminal strips. Keep the terminating resistor and diode leads as short as possible and endeavour to keep short as possible and endeavour to keep the completed unit symmetrical— attention to this and the snug pick-up wires will ensure a balance of voltages of the forward and reflected power readings.



The Mark IV. pick-up unit can be bent into an "S" for mounting in its box with little effect on performance. Mark III .:-

Co-ax 41", 14 gauge wire 32". Terminating resistors:
For 50 ohm line, 470 ohms.
For 75 ohm line, 430 ohms.

Mark IV .:-

ark 1v..— Co-ax 11½", 14 gauge wire 10≹". Terminating resistors: For 50 ohm line, 270 ohms. For 75 ohm line, 220 ohms.

If desired, the meter, pot and switch can be built into a separate box and coupled to the reflectometer box by a plug, lead and socket. This could be desirable if there were several tx/ant. set-ups in the station. Another varia-tion would be the use of the reflectometer box with pot and switch only, used with an external multimeterwhat could be cheaper?

CALIBRATION AND TESTING The meter is calibrated by the fol-

lowing formula:

 $SWR = \frac{F + R}{F - R}$ where F is the scale reading of forward

power. R the reflected power.

Example: If the forward reading is 1 mA. and the reflected 0.5 mA., SWR = $(10 + 5) \div (10 - 5)$ or 3:1. If reflected power is 0, SWR is 1:1, renected power is 0, SWR is 1:1, it it is 1 mA. (i.e., same as forward)
SWR is infinity to 1. The meter can be re-calibrated by carefully scraping off the old markings with a sharp knife, and marking appropriate SWR points in Indian ink.

To check that the device is balanced,

connect it into the transmitter line, switch to forward, and adjust the readswitch to forward, and adjust the read-ing for a point near full deflection. Note this reading. Reverse the input and output connections, switch to re-flected, and note the reading. If both readings are the same, or close (say ±0.2 mA), the reflectometer is balanced. If not, one of the pick-up wires will have to be moved away a little from the side of the co-ax, till balance

is achieved.

Both units built here required no adjustment. To identify the switch positions, terminate the line in a dummy

positions, terminate the line in a dummy load—the reflected power will always be lower than the forward power. When using the indicator resonate the transmitter final, and adjust the forward power reading for full scale deflection. Switch to reflected and read off the SWR. In use, the aerial or tuning unit should be adjusted for maximum forward and minimum reflected power—generally these will tend to coincide. If the transmitter power is adequate, it is advisable to leave full loading till antenna adjustments are completed. Put out just enough power to operate the SWR indicator.

PARTS REQUIRED

1 matched pair of OA81, 1N34 or similar diodes.

- 1 20K ½w. pot. 3 1,000 pF, disc ceramic capacitors.
- 2 terminating resistors—should be high stability, non-inductive and at least 5% tolerance. 1 S.p.d.t. switch.
- 0-1 mA. meter. Co-axial sockets or 3-lug tagstrips.

NEW CALL SIGNS

OCTOBER, 1965 VK2QM-R. Stacey, 4 Hanover Avenue, Epping VKZQM—R. Stacey, 4 Hanover Avenue, Epping. VKZBPZ—W. H. R. Treloer, 23/8 Fullerton Street, Woollahra. VKZBS:—D. S. Jeanes, "Villa Maria." Ayr VKZZD—C. R. Sockale. VKZZD—C. R. Coutts, Hastings Road, Castle Hill. Hill.
VK2ZFO_F. R. Overvliet, 2 Bridge Street,
Pasifern.
VK2ZOB_K. E. O'Brien, Station: Haig Street,
West Cowra; Postal: 338 Illawarra Road,
Marrickville.
VK3EZ_T. Mitchell, 91 Roslyn Street, Burwood. VK3NV—S. B. Backhouse, 35 Moore Street, South Caulfield. VK3VA—G. P. Winters, 23 Robyn Drive, Nuns-VK3/A-C. P. Winters, 23 Robyn Drive, Ruma-wading.
VK3/AV-N. W. Deague, 26 Somers Avenue,
Malvern.
VK3/ABQ-J. A. Moran, R.R.I.S., No. 1, Aircraft
Drob. R.A.A.F., Laverton. VK3ACO—St. Anne's Science Club, St. Anne's Church of England Girls' Grammar School, 8 Raymond Street, Sale.

VK3ACQ—Scotch College Radio Club, Sec College, Glenferrie Road, Hawthorn. VK3AEL-A. W. Holt, 39 Loongana Ave., Glenroy.
VK3AGU—Harrison Chapman, The Vicarage,
Flinders, Victoria.
VK3AMR—J. A. Howie, Salisbury Ave., Warburton. VK3AOK—A. D. Swinton, 789 Waverley Road, Glen Waverley. VK3APT—P. T. C. Morrison, C/o Forests Com-mission, Mt. Taylor. VK3AQT-F. Williams, 30 Powlett Street, East VK3ACT-F. Williams, 39 Powlett Street, East Melbourne. VK3ASH-M. L. W. Park, 74 Rosemont Avenue, Caulfield. VK3ASP-D. H. Murray. 9 Ruyton Street. VK3SP—D. H. Murray, F. Ruyton Ouces, Burwood. VK3RQ—Warmambool Technical College Radio Ciub, Grafton Road, Warmam-bool. VK3ZQC—B. J. Lakey, 118 Panton Street, Gol-den Square, Bendigo. VK3ZRZ-A. C. Ryan, 4 Adamson Street, Braybrook. VK3ZSF-K. F. Dixon, 3 Empire Street, East

Preston.
VK3ZSG—I. R. Goding, 15 Yarrabee Court,
Mt. Waverley.
VK3ZSL—A. L. M. MacLean, 157 Charman VK3ZSL—A. L. M. MacLean, 157 Charman Road, Mentone. VK3ZTM—R. L. Waite, 48 Seymour Road, El-VK3ZTM-H. L. Waite, 48 Seymour Road, El-sternwick. VK3ZVK-N. Hull, 73 Bayswater Road, Croy-W3ZYI.—Gertrude Williams, 30 Powlett Street, East Melbourne. VK4YH-I. H. Young, 100 Glenholm Street, Mitchelton. VK4ZDW-W. Dalgleish, 25 Crawford Street, Withdraws, Market Street, Redelife, Chapman, 17 Shafesbury Potton Street, Redelife, Chapman, 17 Shafesbury Potton, 18 Hall, 18 Kenliworth Street, VAGGIS—B. Hall, 18 Kenliworth Street, VAGGIS—B. Hall, 18 Kenliworth Street, VAGGIS—A. M., Dann, 26 Woodford Road, VASNO—J. B. Lewis, Caroline Road, Square VASNO—J. B. Lewis, Caroline Road, Square December 19 Market No. 18 Sept. 18 Sept Cheitenham.

J.—G. R. Johns, 25 Wallace Street,
Balaklava.

—W. J. Mordue, 6 Shearer Street,

VK6NN—D. Ross, 46 Norma Road, Alfred Cove. VKSNN-D. Ross, 46 Norma Rosd, Aired Cove-VKSOM-D. A. Hancock, Flat 7, 198 Labouchere Rosd, South Perth. VKGZAK-W. P. Kent, 16 Rowley Street, Bridgetown. VK6ZAN-E. G. Smith, School Quarters, Walk-VK6ZDC-P. J. Beacher, 61 Egan Street, Kal-VK6ZFO—J. O. Sullivan, 4 Anthony Street, Palmyra. VK6ZFJ—L. Janes, R.A.A.F. Base, Pearce. VKTMB—A. C. McBurnie, 29 Benjafield Ter-race, Mount Stuart. VK7ZMD—D. R. Marsland, 16 Nimrim Street, Montagu Bay. VK9RJ—R. J. Wirth, Station: 4 Eleventh St., Lae; Postal: C/o Box 251, P.O., Lac.

VKSZRA-R. H. Ashley, Christmas Island, In-dian Ocean. VKSAV-J. B. Masters, 44 Eden Street, Stuart VKSAV—J. B. Masters, we Eden Street, Standard Park, Darwin.
VKSZMR—M. D'a. Richardson, 18 Mary Street, Stuart Park, Darwin.

NOVEMBER, 1965 VK1YG-G. Yanow, 23 Carrington Street,

Deakin.

VKIAEP—A. E. Peppercorn, 44 James Street, VKIAEP—A. E. Peppercorn, resource Succe, Curtin. VKIZCG—G. J. Cashion, 63 Higginbotham VK2NB—W. J. Guthrie, Lot 1, Dalton Road. VKZNB-W, J. Guthrie, Lot 1, Dallon Road, VKZULE_A: Edein, Postal: P.O. Box 188, Liver-pool; Station: 14 Yarangobilly Street, VKZALM*L. Prichard*. 2 Cosimo Street, Old Toongabble. 5. Smith, 40 Wyuna Road, VKZANZ-C. S. Smith, 40 Wyuna Road, VKZAPF-Merrylands Amsteur Radio Club, 81 Hanbury Street, Merrylands West.

VK2BCT—Camp Technology Amateur Radio Club, Station: Mt. Victoria; Postal: 16 St. Aidan's Avenue, Dundas. VK2BJP-J. Pernu, 11 Milton Avenue, Mosman. VRZZYX—R. B. BIJON, Wireless Station, O.T.C. Wireless Station, Fiskville, via Bailan, Victoria. VK3ZQX—D. I. Sillett, § Larbert Street, Noble Park. F. J. Miller, 43 Gordon Street, Stones VK4FR-Corner.
VK4ZMP-M. P. Moody, 77 Bayview Terrace. Clayfield, VK6DK-R. Kilworth, 2 Johnston Street, Car-

narvon. VK6FJ-M. J. Fisher, 23 Searle Road, Apple-

VK6JT-J. P. Talbett, C/o Tracking Station, VKSJT-J. P. Talbott, C/o Tracking Station, Carnaryon, VKSPA-J. W. Talbott, C/o Tracking Station, Carnaryon, VK7RG-R. L. Gunther, 78 View Street, Sandy VK0AH-A. E. Humphreys, Wilkes. VK0KM-K. C. Martin, Mawson. VK0MI-C. R. Lebbon, Macquarie Island.

ERRATA-PYE REPORTER

Errors in Circuit Diagram. "A.R.." Nov., '65, page 4 and sheet distributed by Victorian Division. John Haseldine, VK5JC

1. Cathode bypass (25 uF, 25v, elec-

trolytic) of V8 (6AV6) omitted. 2. 0.1 uF. and 47 ohm (in parallel) below and between V8 and mic. transformer: as drawn, this shorts out the negative supply by earthing same. The capacitor value should be 0.01 uF. The negative line from the power sup-ply should connect to the junction of the 47k, 47 ohm and 0.01 uF. The 47 ohm and 0.01 uF. return to earth. Note: The negative supply is the vol-tage drop across this 47 ohm and the 39 ohm in the power supply—said resistors being in parallel.

3. The suppressor grid of V9 (audio output and modulator) is internally connected to the cathode. It is shown wrongly as an external connection.

4. A wire wound resistor (1.5k 5w.) has been omitted between the "break" contact of the "B" changeover group (Rel. 1) and the 47k anode load of

5. P.A. anode metering. A 2 uF, capacitor is incorrectly shown across the 10 ohm resistor which is in series with a 3k resistor. Starting at the "B" contacts on the relay, the order that the circuit are as follows: the 10 ohm resistor in series with the 3k resistor to the winding on T7, the 2 uF. capacitor is in parallel with the 3k. The meter leads are: H.T. to pin 7 on SK1 and the junction of the 10 ohm and 3k resistors to pin 5 on SK1.



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1" pin spacing • 15 Mc, to 47.999 Mc. ±0.005% in Style "D" holders, 4" pin spacing

48.0 Mc. to 61.0 Mc. ±0.005% in Style "D" holders, 4" pin spacing ... • 100 Kc. ±0.005% in HC13/U holders, 1" pin spacing*

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VKSJM

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£4 10 0

AN APPRECIATION

AUSTRALIAN BOY SCOUTS ASSOCIATION

2nd December, 1965. Australian President of the Wireless Institute of Australia, Mr. G. M. Hull, 22 Dryden Street,

Canterbury, E.7.

Dear Mr. Hull,

I am writing on behalf of the Ausam writing on behalf of the Australian Boy Scouts Association to convey our thanks to the Wireless Institute of Australia for the splendid help and co-operation which its members gave to the Boy Scouts Association in all parts of Australia during the function known as the 8th Jamboree-onthe-Air.

We have received reports from all parts of Australia which indicated the great success of the function and the enthusiasm that it was received by the many Scouts and Girl Guides who took part.

At the present time we are not in a position to report exactly how many took part in the Jamboree-on-the-Air but we do know that it was a record and that even greater enthusiasm than that shown previously attended this year's function. The Jamboree is only made possible

because of the great interest and aspecause of the great interest and as-sistance of your members and we would be pleased if by some means you could convey to them this expression of our thanks on behalf of the whole asso-We look forward to continued co-

operation in the years that are to come and would like you to know that in the Scout Movement there is a growing enthusiasm for this event. With best wishes to your Institute and the good work that it is doing.

Yours sincerely, E. M. Derrick, National Secretary.

JOHN MOYLE MEMORIAL NATIONAL FIELD DAY CONTEST, 1966

12th February to 13th February

A. R. R. L.

Associate Memberships (and renewals) are available by for-warding £2/14/- (plus 6d. interstate cheques) to: Business Manager, W.I.A.,

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"OST"

Trade Review

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prefixes, on three corners of the chart.
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world time calculator, using a cut-out disc.

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Correspondence

Any opinion expressed under this heading is the individual opinion of the writer and does not necessarily coincide with that of the publishers.

DUTY ON AMATEUR EQUIPMENT Editor "A.R.," Dear Sir.

Editor "A.R." Deer Sir,

I agree resounding with Mr. Blee in his
issues; not would point out that I am well
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competition equipment.

The A. C. Gutther. -R. L. Gunther.

T.V. CLUB 9 Rothwell Tce., North Glenelg, South Australia.

At the time of writing this letter there are 28 members of the British Amsteur Television Club in Australia and New Zealand, six in ZL, eight in VK2, two in VK3, five in VK6, two in VK3, and one at present in VK3 though several applications for membership in S.A. will be forthcoming in the

Editor "A.R.," Dear Sir,

near future.

As the editor of "Amateur Radio" is a complimentary member, I thought of approaching
you to find out if there was sufficient interest
to form a sub-group affiliated with the club
to form a sub-group affiliated with the club
so as to facilitate interchange of technical
ideas and also to buy major components from
the parent organisation.

the parent organisation. For those who may be interested in joining, the club, although British by name, as interested 1000 members living outside the United King-dom in a large number of countries including "CQ-TV", which is free to members. Direct membership costs \$1.25 or \$1.26 Australian (16/-to-membership costs \$1.25 or This suggestion is partly my own idea, and partly that of an officer of the club, and it would be in our interest if we felt such a scheme likely to succeed that it be forwarded to London as soon as possible for approval by the committee,

I have sent a copy of this letter to the Club Secretary. For anyone interested in joining, I hold some membership application forms.

-C. R. W. (Dick) Ashton.

쇼

CONTEST CALENDAR 12th/13th February. - John Moyle

Memorial National Field Day Contest (Rules Dec. "A.R."). 19th/20th February. — R.S.G.B. 1.8

Mcs. Contest. 19th/20th March. - B.E.R.U., 1966

(Rules "R.S.G.B. Bulletin," Sept., 1965). Phone 34-6539, write or call

WILLIAM WILLIS & Co. Pty. Ltd

428 Elizabeth St., Melbourne for GELOSO Equipment and Components

Amateur Radio, February, 1966

GALAXY or SWAN, what set to buy if you want to go all-band s.s.b. with commercial equipment?

The answer is not difficult. If you only plan to contact your friends on your own frequency and little edse, let the more attractive with an external v/a, check single-band suppression for your friends or the other sideband of an a.m. station, the GALAXY offers may be a suppression of the contact of the c

Anyway, both makes are excellent transactivers, the chaepest all-band s.a.b. sets on the market and they still cest 1600, including a heavy-duly 20 to vac. supply/speaker combination in matching cabinet. The ac. supplies use a separate transformer for the 180 v. For the comparison of the comparison of the 180 v. For the comparison of the comparison of the 180 v. For making experition an AGTEC or GALAXY 12 v. dc. supply, stilly imported, will cest 180 or 1810, the all-band WERSTER mobiles intensia, including bumper to body mounting assembly is 184. Just one mobile antenna, including between 18 and 200 cm. To work do you need a little more than a COSIV as antenna and HV-GAIN either name; possibilities; in 1012-200 moters, vertical IAXY 70 v. To vert do you need a little more than a COSIV as antenna and HV-GAIN either name; possibilities; in 1012-200 moters, vertical IAXY 70 v. To vert do you need a little more than a COSIV as antenna and HV-GAIN either name; possibilities; in 1012-200 moters revited IAXY 70 v. To vertical IAXY 70 v. To vertica

ROTACIOIS for Vegi beam. For junior models, the ALHANCE U-88 is adequate, 80, for average size beams use a C.D 1744, \$100. For the man why wants to or needs to roll his own, there are still puga-in crystal filter, vernise dais and evenier assemblies, 90 model, air condensers, gangable with extension shafts, co-ax. connectors and switches. 700-7109, 800-04109 and 890-9000 Kee, FT 243 AUTRONIC transforcies automatic keepers, with built-in monitor and power supply, no relays, \$150.

Used COLLINS KWM-2, in excellent condition, with Collins PM-2 110/220 v. a.c. supply-apeaker unit and stable home-made external v.fc. \$1000.

,, 414401	SWAN	GALAXY	
5-band Transceiver with 240 v. a.c. supply/speaker USB-LSB Sideband Selection	\$600 SW 350 M-III 25 kit 25 kit 160 model 420 40 model 22	\$600 model V included 10 90 not needed	
	2005	\$735	

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TRIMAX for a complete transformer range!





si^{DEB}AND

Sub-Editor: PHIL WILLIAMS, VK5NN

S.S.B. TRANSCEIVERS (Continued) the higher general input level of 200w, or more than the property of the prope

quite easy to contact. quite easy to contact.

But to get back to the KW-2000 series made
by Roley Sheurs, GEKW. Those who have
tens are full of prease for the unit Theories
tens are full of prease for the unit Theories
can be seried to the series of the contact
Australia, but if you can get one brought back
by a friend or relative-complete with "dc."
power pack, even the "gift" duty does not
make the cost unreasonable. This KW-2000. power pack, even the "gift" duty does not make the cost unreasonable. This KW-2009, with its linear, is recently being advertised as the "G-line". Its sideband is obtained from a mechanical filter and it has all of the modern features such as a.l.c.

The Australian moderation.

s orcelaments, the and it has all of the modern. The Australian production of an at. 3.1 transtance of the action of the actio

available. Units most commonly available to the Australian Amateur for purchase in this country are those made by Collins, Hollierafters, Swan and Galaxy. Heathkit and Eleo kit sets are available with quite a saving in monetary

is unfortunate that the Heathkit, Sideband i is unfortunate that the Heathkit, Sideband gineers and Transcom units will not tune Australian frequency assignments in the Australian frequency (ting and dial re-calibration will be neces-ting and dial re-calibration will be neces-

89. 40 and 20 mx bands. So some frequency shifting and dial re-calibration will be neces-sary before use in this country. There is no doubt has the forecast There is no doubt has the forecast of the country for operating mobile when on long journeys or even just travelling to work, and also for those who like to operate in comfort and warmth from the living room instead of a

those won'd bit to operate in consister and wurmth from the living room instead of a few with the consister and the living room instead of a few with there or for releven to the few days and the constant class ABI stage. Those I have operated with the constant class ABI stage. Those I have operated on the constant class ABI stage. Those I have operated on the constant of the cons

is still coming. The interesting thing about these units is their weight and size, the receiver weighing 9 lbs. and is $7 \times 6 \times 9$ inches, and the transmitter $7 \times 9 \times 11$ inches.

The home construction of s.s.b. transceivers in other impossible task and the writer has transistorised version with a 9 Mc. crystal liter under construction. The availability of hean n.n.n. silicon transistors with adequate which are n.n.n. silicon transistors with adequate which are n.n.n. silicon transistors with adequate which are n.n.n. silicon transistors with adequate which is not not not necessarily nec cheap n.p.n. silten transistors with adequate high frequency characteristics makes this a completely practical proposition. Transistor-ised vi.fos even in valve type equipment has enabled single mixing to the final frequency from say 5 or 3 Mc. s.s.b. generators. The temperature drift problem with valves is not present to the same extent.

present to the same extent.

The manufacture of good six-crystal h.f. filter complete with carrier crystals will assist most difficult items to be "found". I am prodding an Australian crystal manufacturer production. The six-crystal object by the production of the six-crystal point of the production of the six-crystal object which received the production of the six-crystal object which can be seen to be this project.

More detailed data may be obtained a quipment reviews in "QST." "CQ," "73," R.S.G.B. magazines. Ferusal of these the advertisements will help with the select the advertisements will need to do your gent the small quantities of imported gear sold in Australia, no importer is going sear sold in Australia, no importer is going sear sold in Australia, no importer is going sear sold in Australia, no important to a search of the ss.b. sales. The field is competitive and every-body sees the overseas prices in the magazines. For those whose age or health preclude them from construction of complicated gear, the purchase of an s.b. transceiver will provide a new "lease-of-life" and endless enjoyment of contacts which are just so easy using s.b.

In future issues it is hoped to be able to discuss the companion linear amplifiers which are available, as well as s.s.b. transceivers and transverters for the v.h.f. bands.

73 for now, Phil VK5NN.

GATEWAY OF INDIA AWARD

The Gateway of India Award is sponsored by the Amateur Radio Society of India, Western cone, in memory of the late Rev. R. Conesa, S.J. (VUZSXI, the founder and first secretary of the Western Zone. This attractive certificate s available to all licensed Amateurs of the world and may be claimed by working the

(a) Applicants in Asia to work ten Amateur

(b) Applicants in the rest of the world to work five Amateurs in the Western Zone. All contacts must have been made on or ifter November 9, 1957, the day on which the Western Zone was found. There are no band or mode restrictions and there are no endorse

or mode restrictions and there are no endorse-The Western Zone comprises the States of Maharashtra, Gujarat, and Kerala, and the Maharashtra, Gujarat, and Kerala, and the who have moved out of, or were temporaryly in, the Western Zone are also walld for this scaled on the GSL cards. Some accordance of the GSL cards. Some accordance of the speed by Articles of the Comprise of the Speed S

AMATEUR FREQUENCIES:

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5.500 Kc. T.V. Sweep Generator Crystals, £3/12/6 100 Kc. and 1000 Kc. Frequency Standard, £8/10/0 plus 12½% Sales Tax. Immediate delivery on all above types.

AUDIO AND ULTRASONIC CRYSTALS-Prices on application

455 Kc. Filter Crystals, vacuum mounted, £6/10/0 each plus 121/2 Sales Tax. ALSO AMATEUR TYPE CRYSTALS-3.5 AND 7 Mc. BAND.

Commercial—0.02% £3/12/6, 0.01% £3/15/6, plus 12½% Sales Tax.

Amateur—from £3 each, plus 12½% Sales Tax.

Regrinds—Amateur £1/10/0, Commercial £1/17/6.

CRYSTALS FOR TAXI AND BUSH FIRE SETS ALSO AVAILABLE. We would be happy to advise and quote you.

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Phone: 57-6387

With the co-operation of our overseas associates our crystal manufacturing methods are the latest.

Amateur Radio, February, 1966

SWAN NEWS!



SWAN SW350 Mk. 1, Mk. 2, ??????

As the SWAN DISTRIBUTOR for Australia we are finding this crop of Mk.'s quite confusing, especially as the latest Mk. III as listed by a retailer is quite unknown even to the Swan Electronics Corporation themselves.

To clarify this matter the history of development is as follows:-

The original SW350 encountered slight drift troubles in SOME UNITS only, also some click trouble was evident on c.w. No dial set trimmer was fitted and only partial coverage of the 10 metre band was available.

The SWAN Corp, in their continued programme of improvement have fitted ceramic formers and improved temperature control in the v.f.o., this modification overcame the drift. They then fitted a new dial and added full coverage on 10 metres, they also fitted a dial set trimmer on the front panel as standard and anti-click circuitry.

To differentiate between this model and the earlier model this company added the Mk. II to the model number. Since these changes a different crystal filter of module form has been fitted. As no difference in operation is evidenced no further Mk. number has been used for this model which is still known in Australia as the SW350

As can be seen from the above the SWAN Corporation are continually developing their equipment to give the Amateur the finest equipment available regardless of cost.

You just can't go wrong with the SWAN SW350 or SW400 Transceivers and accessories.

W.F.S. FLECTRONICS SUPPLIES CO.

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ATLANTIC RADIO



FOSTER DYNAMIC MICROPHONES

FOR HAND-DESK LISE

SPECIFICATIONS:

Output Impedance Effective output level -55 db. [0 db. = (one) 1V. Microbar] Frequency response

50 ohms or 50K ohms 200 to 10,000 c.p.s.

Retail Price

50K ohms

£2/14/0

OMNI-DIRECTIONAL DYNAMIC:

SIZE: 3" x 2-1/8" x 1". Cable: 12 ft. of P.V.C.

Switch: on-off. Desk Stand. Clip folds for hand use. Colour: WHITE.

+ Sales Tax 4/9 Plastic Diaphragm. A OUALITY PRODUCT OF EXCELLENT DESIGN



Marketed by ZEPHYR PRODUCTS PTY.

58 HIGH STREET, GLEN IRIS, S.E.6, VICTORIA

Phones: 25-1300, 25-4556

Manufacturers of Radio and Electrical Equipment and Components

Agents: D. K. Northover & Co.; Neil Muller Ltd.; Homecrafts (Tas.) P/L.; Jacoby, Mitchell & Co. P/L.; T. H. Martin P/L.



Firstly, a word or two on that perennial uestion. The state of the bands? question. The state of the bands?

21 and 28 Mc. after showing signs of promise, have like the gentler sex, turned coquettish and withdrawn their enticements. The bands are at present down on last month's

20 mx is now far and away the "top of the five." Good DX and opening during the night hours. South Africa and Europe after 1100z. For 7 Mc his ionosphere is not being very induigent. The S.R. to Europe from 1800x error and the second of the sec

NOTES AND NEWS

Raster Island: CE0AC appears around 0400z n odd days. 14 c.w. Ruanda: Gene, 9X5PS worked 14,080 Kcs. 100z. Says QSL direct to P.O. Box 638, Ruanda: Gene. No. 2002. Ruanda: Gene. No. 2002. Ruanda: Gene. No. 2002. Ruanda Manritius: Racoul VKSAI on regularly sind easy to QSO. Try 14 c.w. after 1350 22 c.w. Try 15 c.w. 150 25 c.w. 150 25 c.w. Try 150 25 c.w. 150 25 c.w. Naurs: Lloyd WSKQ using the prefix KC6SZ/ VKG should be very active from here by the time this reaches you. QSL YASME Founda-

ion.

Laccadive Is.: VU2NR and VU2AK are makng plans to activate this rare spot. More
reformation if the project comes to realisa-Nyalbard: LA4FG is said to be on 14,040 Kcs.

Swalmeri LAFFG is said to be on 18,009 Rec.
Managary Res. SSRAM on 18,005 at 1850c—
1800 pain 978758, on outle, often around
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bands actively till then. MODE ON OUR YEAR PARK.

Pert Timer: CR8AF and CR8AE both QRV almost nightly. 14,869 Kcs. at 1200z or later.

QSL to Dilli, Port Timor.

Honiars: VR6CR is said to be still active.

A.m./c.w. mostly 14 Mcs. QSL to Weather CR8. Omcer.

Ceylon: Ian 487IW and Denver 487DA are both very active. The former 14,220 s.s.b. at 1290z and the latter on 7 and 14 Mcs. c.w. from 130ez.

com 1300z. Swaziland: ZDSR, 14,118 at 1300z. QSL E4OX. Also reported here in VK on 21 Mcs. Djibesti: FLSMC on rightly and FLSRA assemedically. Both A1 mode around 14,070 VE4OX.
Djibeuti: Fla "Pilicest". FLASC on nightly and FLASS proposed to the propose

ACTIVITIES

ACTIVITIES

KEN VERT WITH who quirtly picks up the leaf of the lea

VPTNY, YVIAY, TXZGH and more.
Dud YKMIN, who runs 120 w. into a G.P.,
picked up some nice ones this month on 16
c.w. vir., PYZBJH 8990, VQSA1 1345, KRBCV
0793, UG2PIQ 6930, CXIRY 1010, 5922YY 00790
PKZAN 1315, HSICW 1429, XXIII 1436, 973USA
15092, FUSAG 2145, YVSAA 0550, CRSAF 1400,
VUJTCN 0700

YUTICN 6700.

Chas., VK4UC, before leaving for a Gold Coast vacation logged the following: UP\$8B ISWAD 1984.

INFO 1984 THE STATE THAT ALL STATES AND ALL ST

Graham, VK2AGH, reports now 315 commed which is really a stout effort for imparative newcomer to the game. Trev. VK2NS, reports having chalked us 150 plus on 40 mx. Another big effort considering the layers of QRM on this band. More activities reports please, OST. MANAGERS

VR4RO—G2RO M1QJ—ON4QJ

YJ1MA-W1HGT	SVIAB-W4HUE
YN0KCV-K4KCV	SV0WJ-K4BNI
YS1BD-W0NWX	TA3GVU-W6FB
ZD9SCA-WSYLI	VP1WS-K8ONV
EP2AO-W4UXE	VP2AB—W8VDJ
EP2LD-WAIDEY	VP2DQ-W2LSX
F0AB-ON5DO	VQ8AY—G2RO
FESAH-5U7AH	KB8CY-W2CTN
FF8CK-6W8CK	LASCI/P-LAING
MP4TBO-VEIAKZ	9M6DH—RSGB
PX1CB-F3CB	OHOVE-OHIVD
FH8CE-W4ECI	VS9AFR—RSGB
KW6DH-W6UWL	VS9MP-W2CTN

SUMMARY

SUMMARY
In past years commencing February at this
QTH, the LP on 20 mx to Europe which takes
in South America and North Africa on the
way, usually improves
considerably and remains so until late May. Those who find it
convenient to operate from 0460 to 0500x
should pick up some good ones.

should pick up some good ones.

Have you ever poused to consider the sign of the state of the st about it.
My thanks again to all those who regularly
provide needed information. Also DX Editors
LIDXA, Fla DX'er and now with Jim, GSUGT
whose bulletin "Airwaves" is now received
on an exchange basis. 73, Al VK4SS.

VKe CALLS - 1966

(Information supplied by VK3IJ of A.N.A.R.E.) Macquarie Island: VK0MI, Colin Lebbon c.w., a.m., s.s.b.). Mawson Base: VK0KM, Keith Martin (s.s.b.). Wilkes Base: VK0AH, Alan Humphries In all three cases QSL via VK3 Bureau— Eric Trebilcock (L3042).

> John Moyle Memorial NATIONAL FIELD DAY CONTEST, 1966 12th and 13th February.

Experimental F.M. Station for Victoria

The Postmaster-General's Department has granted a licence to conduct test transmissions in the u.h.f. band using frequency modulation. Technical details are as follows: Call sign: VM3V

Call sign: VM3Y.
Frequency: 554 Mc. plus or minus 0.002%.
Bandwidth: 200 Kc.
M.E.R.P.: 509 watts.
Devlation: Plus or minus 75 Kc. (proposed).
Fre-emphasis: 50 micro-seconds.
Polarisation: Horizontal, cross polarisation

envisaged.

Modulation: F.m. monaural and f.m. stereo-

phonic. Stereo system: F.C.C. (America) pilot tone ransmitter location: The Olinda area of the Dandenong Ranges. The purpose of the experiment is to inves-tigate the following:--

gate the following:—

10 What are the problems associated with stereo and S.C.A. systems when the problems associated with stereo and S.C.A. systems when the problems associated with stereo and S.C.A. systems when the stereo and stereo and

The experiments will not include the trans-mission of advertising matter, or simulate com-mercial broadcasting in any form. mercial broadcasting in any form.
It is anticipated that pre-recorded music and speech will form part of the test conditions. It is present the present the property of the pr tuners (88-108 Mc.) will not be suitable for reception. A newsletter is available to those who are interested. Information or comments relating to the 1.m. scene would be welcomed for possible inclusion in newsletter. Requests should be addressed to F.M., P.O. Box 30, Toorak, Vic.



F-SERIES S.S.B. EQUIPMENT by Yaesu Musen

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FL-200B: S.s.b.-a.m.-c.w. transmitter, 240w. p.e.p. input, with two 6JS6 tubes in p.a. running within ratings for longer life! Solidly constructed and neatly wired, with high quality components, ceramic bandswitch Kokusai MF. Solid State Power Supply etc. New fully descriptive illustrated brochure from the Australian Agents:-

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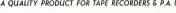
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Agents: D. K. Northover & Co.; Neil Muller Ltd.; Homecrafts (Tas.) P/L.; Jacoby, Mitchell & Co. P/L.; T. H. Martin P/L.



FEDERAL AND DIVISIONAL MONTHLY NEWS REPORTS

(SEND CORRESPONDENCE DIRECT TO DIVISIONAL REPORTER NAMED AT PARA, END)

FEDERAL OSL BUREAU

Details of two awards issued by the L.P.R.A., Panama, may be had from this Bureau.

VK Hams were pleased to receive a visit from G3SWH. Phil Whitehureh, radio officer on the Himalaya, Phil, a member of F.O.C., hails from Bristol.

Results of the 1865 P.A.C.C. Contest, sponsored by the Netherlands Section of the I.A.R.U. (Veron), disclose no VK stations listed. The 1895 Contest will be staged 12 Z April 23 to 12 Z April 24, 1866. Full details from this Bureau.

From the December issue of the K.A.R.L. News (Korea):— "HLSX and 845X are not than stations. Sometimes HLSX and 685X are for the state of the state Korea, experimental radio stations are incense on single spot frequencies on each Ham band and are forbidden to contact with any Har stations. K.A.R.L. has sent back all QSLs fo HL5X and 6N5X as they did illegal operations. -Ray Jones, VK3RJ, Manager.

NEW SOUTH WALES CENTRAL COAST BRANCH

CONVENTED COAST BRANCH
The last meeting for 1986 of the Central
Coast property of the WYZYN was well seen for
Coast property of the WYZYN was well seen for
Coast property of the WYZYN was well seen
to be a first property of the Coast property

can opener.

Alec, VKZAAK, was appointed Oscar IV,
N.S.W. State Co-ordinator, by the University
of Melbourne, which is the Federal Co-ordinators of Melbourne, which is the Federal Co-ordinatowar collecting and dispensing information.
There are quite a few N.S.W. Hams interested
in this Project and he is finding the 148
Mcs. net very convenient in this regard. Peter Kerr, of Gosford, recently passed his L.A.O.C.P. and is awaiting his call-sign. Peter was a member of John Deering's class, which was held recently at the School of Arts, Gos-

Our Field Day on February 27, 1888, at the Gosford Racecourse is fast approaching and we are hoping for quite a number of interstate visitors. Here is a brief sketch of events pro-jected for the day. 9,30 a.m.: Registration and

SILENT KEY

It is with deep regret that we record the passing of:

morning tes; 9.39-19.39 a.m.: All-band scramble: 11.45 a.m.: 2 Yucht on the control of the contr

VK2 EASTER CONVENTION

The Canberra Radio Society will once again hold an Amateur Radio Convention during the forthcoming 1866 Easter long week-end. the forthcoming 1866 Easter long week-end. become popular in recent years with the addition of some extra attractions. It is hoped to include some or all of the following on the programme:—

A Deep Space Tracking station.
The Australian National University High
Voltage Lab. to see the Van De Graff Generator. The R.A.N. Radio Transmitting Station at Belconnen, most powerful in the southern

The R.A.v. Monto Transmitting assume an applications of the property of the pr

VICTORIA WESTERN ZONE

Well, at this time of the year the harvest leaves very little time for us in this zone to devote to our hobby. However, activity has been reasonably constant with good conditions prevailing on the 80 m. Western Zone hook-ups. Herb 3NN has had some good v.h.f. DXing, namely working VK2ZWV portable 2 m. on Mt. Kosciusko. Also be and Garry 32OS have managed to get a signal to and from Oscar IV. on 3/1/66. Other signals were heard on 432 via

Oscar IV. We now have Lyle VK3ASA back on the air with 60 watts a.m. on all the h.f. bands. Lyle has also been running A.O.C.P. classes weekly and in the near future new voices should arise in the zone.

Yours truly has been reasonably active on 6 m. working many VK's and a few ZL's, al-though 6 m. has been poor over the Christmas-New Year break. Unfortunately 2 m. ops. are down because of poor location of QTH, much better to go portable when the XYL grants a leave pasts.

By the time these notes are printed Bob VK3ARM, holidaying in Geelong, should have been heard by many, also Tony SZAI on the Lofty Ranges with 2 m. portable gear. Well, that about winds it up, hear you about soon (new receiver on the way) a hope to see you at the State Convention Ararat. 73's, Bill, VK3ZAX.

QUEENSLAND

Having taken the 40 meter dipole down for the 8th Jambores-on-the-Asir, and not yet left only the 50 meter ground plane for me to listen on, so do not have much news this This hand, has been contempted to the state of the stat

Amongst those in Brisbans consistently beard chasing the DX are Thby VK54IR, Norm VK4TY, All VK4LY, Arthur VK4TX, Tom VK4TY, Som VK4CY, Jin VK4JA and Reg. Sometime of the Coming back to Hal VK4DO, Chilla VK5DO, All VK4SP and Ted VK5EJ. Short skip lot signals from the country bows into Brisbans, also from VK6AV and VK5AV.

also from VKSAV and VKSKK.

For nearly three years the VK4 boys in Brisbane have been running a weekly net on 235 tabane have been running a weekly net on 235 tabane have been running as weekly net on 235 tabane have been supported by the suppo

Activity amongst Amateurs in Townsville has fared up and several of the boys there are very active again on all bands. Moves are afoot to revive the Townsville Amateur Radio Club.

Radio Club.

The Isswitch and District Annateur Radio Crub. In the Issue Club. In the Iss

Congratulations to South Australia on their fine win in the 1965 R.D. Contest, certainly a very nice effort and a very well-deserved win. overy nice entort and a very weit-deserved win. Councillors of the Queensland Division of the Wreless Institute have asked me to con-tract the Council of the Council of the Council DX-ful New Year, and to remind you that Council meets on the first Thursday of the Council meets on the first Thursday of the the Velley in Brickhal Stores Churooms in the Velley in Brickhal Stores are condially in-vited. 73, Reg. VK4VX.

CENTRAL QUEENSLAND BRANCH
Activity is especially high with members of
the C.Q. Branch with the breakthrough on
the control of the control of the control of the control
to control of the control of the control
out. On 20th November, Lyle 4ZLD worked
under VKZ, ten VKSZ, 8tz VKSZ and three VKTS,
and heard VKS whilst in his ear; sigs, 5 and
tuning the band to look for DX whilst the
band was open. So fellows twiddle the dist
now and then on 6. CENTRAL QUEENSLAND BRANCH

W.I.C.E.N. exercises are on Tuesday nights, frequency 53.032 Mc., and VK4IR, our official club station, will be on consistently in the new year.

AFN getting ready for 8 with new tx, v.f.o. control and a 4-element beam. 42BG, our worthy Secretary, enjoyed his holidays and two types of the secretary enjoyed his holidays and see days in Brisbane, but only able to the secretary of the secre

The Branch meets every third Friday in the month in the Rockhampton Technical College and is always pleased to see visitors. Greetings to all for 1866. Hal VK4DO.

Deadline for Logs of the ROSS A. HULL MEMORIAL TROPHY CONTEST 14th February, 1966.

Don't forget to put yours in.

Amateur Radio, February, 1966

VK4PH-P. W. Hay.

TASMANIA

NORTH-WESTERN ZONE

NORTH-WESTERN ZONE
The Annual Hamfert took place at Campbelltown on Sunday, 28th November. We were
indeed fortunate with the weather, as the previous two days had been most unpleasant but
that Sunday morning dawned fine and clear
and developed into a perfect hot summer's day.

I tagged along with Ray 7ZRS and we managed to scrounge a No. 22 set, so the 100-mile trip from Devenport passed quickly, with a bit of mobile QSO'ing with George 7XL and his family who find left earlier and were ahead of us and travelling on a different route. of us and traveiling on a unterest route.

On arrival at the camp site we introduced ouselves at the H.Q. tent and were then is such with identification in the control of the control of

eigerette packet of a certain brand.

Ray and I were fortunate enough to come
the property of the property of

What show have you got against a bloke who carries his soldering iron in his hip pocket-faithfully wears his W.I.A. badge and religiously keeps a mobile log—even before he had entered the contestill

FOR SALE

Communications Transociver, National NCX-5, 80-10 m., L.S.B.-U.S.B., full 500 Kc. coverage each band, plus extra 10 m. crystals, 200 w. pep input, £425, O.N.O. NCX-A Power Supply also available if re-NCX-A Fewer supply also available it re-quired.

Quired.

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ECCLESTON ELECTRONICS 146a Cotham Rd., Kew, Vic. Ph. 80-3777 Anyway, we in the N.W. had the contellation of winning the wooden spoon with George Landstone are wanted to be a superior of the content of t

would be creek, whother later Ken Pettired Maril 1 coupe of necessitative the New York of the

HAMADS

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Advertisements under this heading will be accepted only from Amateurs and S.w.1's. The Publishers reserve the right to righet any commercial nature. Copy must be received at P.O. Box 36, East Melbourne, C.2, Vic. by 8th of the month and remittance about accommant the advertisement. COLLINS KWM2 all band s.s.b

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H., 3-inch C.R.O., £12. Hard time-base; excellent horizontal and time-pase; excellent horizontal and vertical amplifiers. Needs new tube, VCR139A, otherwise A1 order. A. D. Proudfoot, 5 Andrew St., Horsham, Vic., VK3ADA.

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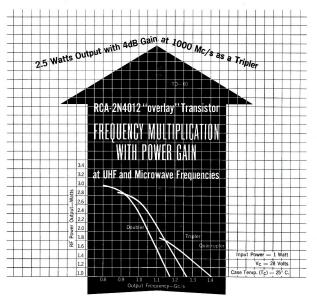
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